Human Behavior

Name

Institution

**Topics**

**1.Applying Evolutionary theory to the human behavior**

This topic aims at examining the theory of evolution has been applied to the human behaviors to make it clear to even readers who are not biologists to understand it very well. It will provide an introduction to the controversies surrounding the application of the evolutionary theory in psychology. In this topic I will review the three major subfields which include; Evolutionary psychology, Human Behavioral Ecology and the cultural evolution. In this topic, I will compare the views of the subfields in regards to maladaptive behaviors which are seen in modern society.What are the mechanisms of cultural transmission in the society? What is the relationship between the human cognitive system and culture? Why is it that people of different kin’s are able to act cooperatively then? Since people in the communities we live in tend to have different behaviors, does that mean that each one of them inherited that behavior through the process of evolution? These are some of the issues I’d like clarified in class to help me havea better view of the human behavior, as a plan to write more on this topic.

**2. Effect of Attitude towards human behavior**

An attitude is usually an expression of emotions, behaviors and beliefs towards a certain object, person, event or thing. The most interesting thing about attitudes and human beings is that they vary from one person to another. The main factor that determines attitude being likes and dislikes for certain things or people. A good example being when a kid is taken out to the park to play, their behavior towards the person taking them becomes good. But when they are taken to hospital, they develop a bad attitude towards the doctor which makes their overall behavior bad. Attitudes play a major role in bringing people together especially religious groups, football teams and many other groups. This doesn’t in any way mean that people with different attitudes cannot reason together. One person can make it their responsibility to try and convince the other person who has a bad attitude towards something that the thing is really good. Why is it then that people consider what others are doing in a group as right yet it may not be right? What makes some attitudes right while others are wrong? If there is no prior knowledge about something such as a consumer product, will this have effect on the attitude hence affecting the final behavior? If these questions are answered in class, it will give me a better view of the topic for further research on it.

References

American Psychological Association (2016).*Science of Psychology*. Retrieved on 27th October 2016 from: [www.apa.org](http://www.apa.org)

*Human behavior* (1972). Los Angeles: Manson Western Corp